Amendments to the Claims:

Application No. 10/658,811

dments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

(Currently Amended) A toner for developing electrostatic images, comprising 1. as a main component thereof a binder resin having a copolymer comprising consisting essentially of a combination of a high Tg monomer having a structure represented by the following structural formula (1) and a glass transition temperature of 50°C or higher, a low Tg monomer having a structure represented by the following structural formula (2) and a glass transition temperature of lower than 50°C, and a hydrophilic monomer having a structure represented by the following structural formula (3):

Structural	Structural	Structural
formula (1)	formula (2)	formula (3)

$$CH_{2} = \begin{matrix} R^{1} \\ C \\ R^{1} \end{matrix} \qquad CH_{2} = \begin{matrix} R^{2} \\ C \\ R^{2'} \end{matrix} \qquad CH_{2} = \begin{matrix} R^{3} \\ C \\ R^{3'} \end{matrix}$$

wherein R¹, R² and R³ independently represent a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkylester group, an alkylether group, a perfluoroalkyl group, a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, a halogen atom, a carbazole group, a pyrrolidone group, a formal formyl group, a cyclohexyl group, an alkyl group having a functional group, or an alkylester group having a functional group, R¹ and R² independently represent an alkyl group, an alkylester group, an alkylether group, a perfluoroalkyl group, a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, a halogen atom, a carbazole group, a pyrrolidone group, a formal-formyl group, a cyclohexyl group, an alkyl group having a functional group, or an alkylester group having a functional group, and R3' represents a PROPOSED hydrophilic group.

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 (Original) A toner according to claim 1, wherein the toner is prepared by a 2. wet process.
- 3. (Original) A toner according to claim 2, wherein the wet process comprises an aggregating step of obtaining aggregated particles by aggregating particles containing a binder resin in a dispersion in which the particles are dispersed, and a step of fusing the aggregated particles by heating.
- 4. (Original) A toner according to claim 1, wherein at least one of the high Tg monomer and the low Tg monomer is a methacrylic acid ester or an acrylic acid ester.
- 5. (Original) A toner according to claim 1, wherein the hydrophilic group represented by R³ contains any of a carboxyl group, a hydroxyl group, an amino group, a sulfonyl group, and an amido group.
- 6. (Currently Amended) A toner according to claim 1, wherein the binder resin contains a cyclic reactive group, and is cross-linked at a temperature higher than the highest temperature at the time of toner preparation. of 100°C or more.
- 7. (Original) A toner according to claim 6, wherein the cyclic reactive group is any of an epoxy group, an aziridinyl group and an oxazoline group.
- 8. (Original) A toner according to claim 1, further comprising a compound containing a carboxyl group.
- 9. (Original) A toner according to claim 1, wherein a shape factor SF1, of the toner, represented by the following equation (A) is 100 to 140:

Equation (A)

$$SF1 = ML^2/(4A/\pi) \times 100$$

wherein ML represents a maximum length (µm) of the toner, and A represents a projected PROPOSED area (µm²) of the toner.

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(Original) A toner according to caim 1, wherein a surface property index 10. value, of the toner, represented by the following equation (B) is 2.0 or smaller:

Equation (B) (surface property index value) = (specific surface area measured value)/(specific surface area calculated value)

wherein specific surface area calculated value is represented by 6 $\Sigma(n \times R^2)/\{\rho\}$ $\times \Sigma(n \times R^3)$ and, in the equation representing the specific surface area calculated value, n represents the number of particles in a channel (number/channel) in a coulter counter, R represents a channel particle diameter (µm) in the coulter counter, p represents a toner density (g/μm³), a division number of the channel is 16, and the intervals of division are 0.1 at a log scale.

- 11. (Original) A toner according to claim 1, wherein an average particle diameter of toner particles is 3 to 9 μm.
- 12. (Original) A toner according to claim 1, wherein a volume average particle size distribution index GSDv of toner particles is 1.30 or smaller.
- 13. (Original) A toner according to claim 1, wherein an apparent weight average molecular weight of the toner is 15,000 to 55,000.
 - 14. (Original) A toner according to claim 1, further comprising a releasing agent.
- 15. (Original) A toner according to claim 1, comprising colorant particles whose median diameter is 100 to 330 nm.
- 16. (Original) A two-component developer, comprising the toner according to claim 1 and a carrier.
- 17. (Original) A two-component developer according to claim 16, wherein an PROPOSED average diameter of carrier particles is 20 to 150 µm.

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(Withdrawn) A process for preparing the toner of claim 1, comprising an 18. aggregating step of obtaining aggregated particles by aggregating particles containing a binder resin in a dispersion in which the particles are dispersed, and a fusing step of fusing the aggregated particles by heating.

- 19. (Withdrawn) An image forming method, comprising the steps of: forming an electrostatic latent image on an electrostatic image holding member, developing the electrostatic latent image with a developer to form a toner image, transferring the toner image onto a transfer receiving material, and thermally fixing the toner image, wherein the developer contains the toner of claim 1.
- 20. (Withdrawn) An image forming method according to claim 19, wherein the developer further contains a carrier.

PROPOSED